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Network management communities control the IP addresses to which SNMP messages are sent and the type of access provided in response to those messages.

Use this worksheet to plan the network management communities fields.

For Options and Field Size values, in most cases the numeric and alphanumeric ranges given are the number of acceptable digits or characters for the field. (For example, *Numeric-0 to 9* means that the field accepts any number between 0 (or nil) and 999999999.) Ranges with an asterisk (*) mean that the field accepts an actual number that falls within that range. (For example, *Numeric-1 to 32767** means that the field accepts the value 3102 but not 32769.) .

| Field | Description | Default | Options and Field Size | Value |
|---------------|--|----------------------|--|-------|
| Name | Name of this network management community. Standard <i>public</i> ("MeetingPlace-public") and <i>private</i> ("MeetingPlace-private") communities are defined. | MeetingPlace-private | Alphanumeric- 0 to 32 | |
| IP address | IP address to which traps are sent for trap communities. Ignored for non-trap communities. | 0.0.0.0 | Dotted decimal format, as in 198.207.208.1 | |
| Read-Write? | When Yes, SNMP messages for this community can modify stored SNMP data. Ignored for trap communities. | Yes | Yes/No | |
| Is it a trap? | Whether this community is a trap community. For a trap community, set this value to <i>Yes</i> ; otherwise, <i>No</i> . Queries are not enabled for trap communities. Trap communities only generate traps. Non-trap communities define permissions for queries. | No | Yes/No | |